

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 15, 2026

Effect of ActiGraph's LFE for estimating steps and physical activity intensity

DOI:10.17504/protocols.io.jfacjie

Type: Protocol

Proper Citation

Yuri Feito, Lyndsey M. Hornbuckle, Lauren A. Reid, Scott E. Crouter 2017. Effect of ActiGraph's LFE for estimating steps and physical activity intensity. protocols.io dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.jfacjie

Protocol Information

URL: <https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.jfacjie>

Authors: Yuri Feito, Lyndsey M. Hornbuckle, Lauren A. Reid, Scott E. Crouter

Summary: This study examined the effects of the ActiGraph's (AG) low-frequency extension (LFE) filter on steps and physical activity classification in the free-living environment. Thirty-four African-American women (age, 24.5±5.2 years; BMI, 24.9±4.5 kg/m²) had daily activity measured simultaneously with an AG-GT3X+ accelerometer and a New Lifestyles NL-800 pedometer for seven days. Steps per day (steps/d) and time (minutes/day) spent in sedentary, light, and moderate-to-vigorous physical activity (MVPA) were examined with and without the LFE filter (AG-LFE and AG-N, respectively). The AG-LFE recorded more total steps (13,723±4,983 steps/d) compared to AG-N and NL-800 (6,172±2,838 and 5,817±3,037 steps/d, respectively; pppp)

Affiliations: Kennesaw State University, University of Tennessee - Knoxville, University of South Carolina, University of Tennessee - Knoxville

Version: 1

Publication Date: 2017

Proper Citation: Yuri Feito, Lyndsey M. Hornbuckle, Lauren A. Reid, Scott E. Crouter 2017. Effect of ActiGraph's LFE for estimating steps and physical activity intensity. protocols.io dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.jfacjie

Record Creation Time: 20210329T220522+0000

Record Last Update: 20210329T220852+0000

Data and Source Information

Source: