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Ultrasonographic measurements of the right femoral vein cross-sectional area

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Dorota Czyzewska^{1*}, Andrzej Ustymowicz², Radoslaw Kowalewski^{3¶}, Anna Zurada^{4¶}, Jaroslaw Krejza⁵ 2017. Ultrasonographic measurements of the right femoral vein cross-sectional area. protocols.io dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.iq5cdy6

Protocol Information

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Authors: Dorota Czyzewska^{1*}, Andrzej Ustymowicz², Radoslaw Kowalewski^{3¶}, Anna Zurada^{4¶}, Jaroslaw Krejza⁵

Summary: Exclusion criteria: lower limb varices, history of leg surgery, trauma, infection, or thromboembolic events. Ultrasound examinations are performed in B-mode technique, equipped with a linear broadband (7.5-14-MHz) transducer. The right femoral vein and the inguinal ligament are examined in a supine position. The inguinal ligament is identified along its longitudinal axis. The measurements levels are identified as follow:- proximal level: 20 mm caudally to the inguinal ligament identified along the femoral artery imaged with US- distal level: 20 mm caudally to the inguinal crease visually identified and along the femoral artery imaged with US The cross-sectional area (CSA) of the right femoral vein is examined at both levels in transverse plane and is measured automatically after manual tracing of the vessel on a static image in three leg positions: abduction, abduction + external rotation, abduction + external rotation + 90° knee flexion/frog-leg. Attention must be taken to avoid any compression or displacement of the examined vein.

Associated Publications: Czyzewska D, Ustymowicz A, Kowalewski R, Zurada A, Krejza J (2017) Cross-sectional area of the femoral vein varies with leg position and distance from the inguinal ligament. PLoS ONE 12(8): e0182623. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0182623](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0182623)

Affiliations: ¹First Department of Radiology, Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center, Institute of Oncology, Warsaw, Poland ²Department of Radiology, Medical University of Białystok, Białystok, Poland ³Department of Vascular Surgery and Transplantation, Medical University of Białystok, Białystok, Poland ⁴Department of Anatomy, Faculty of Medicine University of Warmia and Mazury in Olsztyn, Olsztyn, Poland ⁵Institute of Innovative Medicine, Advanced Biomedical Image Laboratory,

Bialystok, Poland., 1First Department of Radiology, Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center, Institute of Oncology, Warsaw, Poland 2Department of Radiology, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 3Department of Vascular Surgery and Transplantation, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 4Department of Anatomy, Faculty of Medicine University of Varmia and Mazury in Olsztyn, Olsztyn, Poland 5Institute of Innovative Medicine, Advanced Biomedical Image Laboratory, Bialystok, Poland., 1First Department of Radiology, Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center, Institute of Oncology, Warsaw, Poland 2Department of Radiology, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 3Department of Vascular Surgery and Transplantation, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 4Department of Anatomy, Faculty of Medicine University of Varmia and Mazury in Olsztyn, Olsztyn, Poland 5Institute of Innovative Medicine, Advanced Biomedical Image Laboratory, Bialystok, Poland., 1First Department of Radiology, Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center, Institute of Oncology, Warsaw, Poland 2Department of Radiology, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 3Department of Vascular Surgery and Transplantation, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 4Department of Anatomy, Faculty of Medicine University of Varmia and Mazury in Olsztyn, Olsztyn, Poland 5Institute of Innovative Medicine, Advanced Biomedical Image Laboratory, Bialystok, Poland., 1First Department of Radiology, Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center, Institute of Oncology, Warsaw, Poland 2Department of Radiology, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 3Department of Vascular Surgery and Transplantation, Medical University of Bialystok, Bialystok, Poland 4Department of Anatomy, Faculty of Medicine University of Varmia and Mazury in Olsztyn, Olsztyn, Poland 5Institute of Innovative Medicine, Advanced Biomedical Image Laboratory, Bialystok, Poland.

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