

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 7, 2026

DGRP-359

RRID:BDSC_28179

Type: Organism

Proper Citation

RRID:BDSC_28179

Organism Information

URL: <https://n2t.net/bdsc:28179>

Proper Citation: RRID:BDSC_28179

Description: Drosophila melanogaster with name DGRP-359 from BDSC.

Species: Drosophila melanogaster

Notes: Drosophila Genetic Reference Panel strain - sequenced isogenic reference wild type strain (aka 'Raleigh' or 'Mackay' line). Donor: Trudy Mackay, North Carolina State University

Genomic Alteration: Chromosome wt

Catalog Number: 28179

Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Database Abbreviation: BDSC

Availability: available

Alternate IDs: BDSC_28179, BDSC:28179, BL28179

Organism Name: DGRP-359

Record Creation Time: 20240911T222452+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T140227+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for DGRP-359.

No alerts have been found for DGRP-359.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Integrated Animals](#)

Source Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Marconcini M, et al. (2026) Genome-wide association studies identify new candidate genes and tissues underlying resistance to a natural toxin in drosophilids. G3 (Bethesda, Md.), 16(4).

Bak NK, et al. (2026) Host genetics and diet jointly shape the microbiome of Drosophila melanogaster but do not predict lifespan or age-related traits. Biogerontology, 27(3).

Yamamoto A, et al. (2024) The genetic basis of variation in Drosophila melanogaster mating behavior. iScience, 27(5), 109837.

Spierer AN, et al. (2021) Natural variation in the regulation of neurodevelopmental genes modifies flight performance in Drosophila. PLoS genetics, 17(3), e1008887.

Litovchenko M, et al. (2021) Extensive tissue-specific expression variation and novel regulators underlying circadian behavior. Science advances, 7(5).

Chowdhury B, et al. (2021) The Divider Assay is a high-throughput pipeline for aggression analysis in Drosophila. Communications biology, 4(1), 85.

Everett LJ, et al. (2020) Gene expression networks in the Drosophila Genetic Reference Panel. Genome research, 30(3), 485.