

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 20, 2026

[w\[*\]; TM6B, P{w\[+mC\]=tubP-GAL80}OV3, Tb\[1\]/TM3, Sb\[1\]](#)

RRID:BDSC_9490
Type: Organism

Proper Citation

RRID:BDSC_9490

Organism Information

URL: <https://n2t.net/bdsc:9490>

Proper Citation: RRID:BDSC_9490

Description: Drosophila melanogaster with name w[*]; TM6B, P{w[+mC]=tubP-GAL80}OV3, Tb[1]/TM3, Sb[1] from BDSC.

Species: Drosophila melanogaster

Notes: Donor: Olaf Vef, University of Mainz

Affected Gene: alphaTub84B, GAL80, Sb, Tb, w

Genomic Alteration: Chromosome 1, Chromosome 3

Catalog Number: 9490

Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Database Abbreviation: BDSC

Availability: available

Alternate IDs: BDSC_9490, BDSC:9490, BL9490

Organism Name: w[*]; TM6B, P{w[+mC]=tubP-GAL80}OV3, Tb[1]/TM3, Sb[1]

Record Creation Time: 20240911T222225+0000

Record Last Update: 20260919T202527+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for w[*]; TM6B, P{w[+mC]=tubP-GAL80}OV3, Tb[1]/TM3, Sb[1].

No alerts have been found for w[*]; TM6B, P{w[+mC]=tubP-GAL80}OV3, Tb[1]/TM3, Sb[1].

Data and Source Information

Source: [Integrated Animals](#)

Source Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Tsai CR, et al. (2022) Pvr and distinct downstream signaling factors are required for hemocyte spreading and epidermal wound closure at Drosophila larval wound sites. *G3* (Bethesda, Md.), 12(1).

Saborio JG, et al. (2022) A protocol to use Drosophila melanogaster larvae to model human glioblastoma. *STAR protocols*, 3(3), 101609.

Lucchetta EM, et al. (2017) Amitosis of Polyploid Cells Regenerates Functional Stem Cells in the Drosophila Intestine. *Cell stem cell*, 20(5), 609.

Rossi F, et al. (2017) An in vivo genetic screen in Drosophila identifies the orthologue of human cancer/testis gene SPO11 among a network of targets to inhibit lethal(3)malignant brain tumour growth. *Open biology*, 7(8).