

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 21, 2026

[y\[1\] w\[*\]; wg\[Sp-1\]/CyO;
P{w\[+m*\]=GAL4}hh\[Gal4\]/TM6B, Tb\[1\]](#)

RRID:BDSC_600186

Type: Organism

Proper Citation

RRID:BDSC_600186

Organism Information

URL: <https://n2t.net/bdsc:600186>

Proper Citation: RRID:BDSC_600186

Description: Drosophila melanogaster with name y[1] w[*]; wg[Sp-1]/CyO; P{w[+m*]=GAL4}hh[Gal4]/TM6B, Tb[1] from BDSC.

Species: Drosophila melanogaster

Notes: Donor: Nicholas Brown, University of Cambridge

Affected Gene: GAL4, hh, Tb, wg, w, y

Genomic Alteration: Chromosome 1, Chromosome 2, Chromosome 3

Catalog Number: 600186

Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Database Abbreviation: BDSC

Availability: available

Alternate IDs: BDSC_600186, BL600186

Organism Name: y[1] w[*]; wg[Sp-1]/CyO; P{w[+m*]=GAL4}hh[Gal4]/TM6B, Tb[1]

Record Creation Time: 20240911T223544+0000

Record Last Update: 20260815T192957+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for y[1] w[*]; wg[Sp-1]/CyO; P{w[+m*]=GAL4}hh[Gal4]/TM6B, Tb[1].

No alerts have been found for y[1] w[*]; wg[Sp-1]/CyO; P{w[+m*]=GAL4}hh[Gal4]/TM6B, Tb[1].

Data and Source Information

Source: [Integrated Animals](#)

Source Database: Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center (BDSC)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Quinn JW, et al. (2025) A threshold level of JNK activates damage-responsive enhancers via JAK/STAT to promote tissue regeneration. *Development* (Cambridge, England), 152(20).

Narbonne-Reveau K, et al. (2025) In vivo AGO-APP identifies a module of microRNAs cooperatively preserving neural progenitors. *PLoS genetics*, 21(4), e1011680.

Teeters G, et al. (2025) Spatiotemporal control of cell ablation using Ronidazole with Nitroreductase in *Drosophila*. *Developmental biology*, 520, 31.

Even-Ros D, et al. (2025) *Drosophila* ovarian stem cell niche ageing involves coordinated changes in transcription and alternative splicing. *Nature communications*, 16(1), 2596.

Klemm JW, et al. (2025) Regeneration following tissue necrosis is mediated by non-apoptotic caspase activity. *eLife*, 13.

Klemm J, et al. (2024) Regeneration following tissue necrosis is mediated by non-apoptotic caspase activity. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.