Resource Summary Report

Generated by dkNET on Aug 24, 2026

Agilent: 8890 GC System

RRID:SCR_019459
Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Agilent: 8890 GC System (RRID:SCR_019459)

Resource Information

URL: https://www.agilent.com/en/product/gas-chromatography/gc-systems/8890-gc-system

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Description: Gas Chromatography System to deliver fast and accurate results with flexible configuration capabilities to address specific analysis demands.Gas chromatograph uses advanced electronic pneumatic control modules and high performance GC oven temperature control, which lead to extremely precise retention time reproducibility, the basis for all chromatographic measurement.

Synonyms: Agilent 8890 Gas Chromatograph

Resource Type: instrument resource

Keywords: Agilent, GC System, Instrument Equipment, USEDit,

Availability: Commercially available

Specification URL: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/SciCrunch/RRID-Instruments/refs/heads/main/PDF/SCR_019459.pdf

Resource Name: Agilent: 8890 GC System

Resource ID: SCR_019459

Alternate IDs: Model_Number_Agilent_8890_GC

Alternate URLs: https://www.agilent.com/cs/library/datasheets/public/datasheet-8890-gas-chromatograph-5994-0492en-agilent.pdf

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080345+0000

Record Last Update: 20260815T182614+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Agilent: 8890 GC System.

No alerts have been found for Agilent: 8890 GC System.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at dkNET .

Wang J, et al. (2026) Tumor-Resident Streptococcus pneumoniae Promotes Malignant Progression and Pazopanib Resistance in Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma. Cancer research, 86(9), 2237.

Grace E, et al. (2026) Metabolic plasticity and optimal redox homeostasis are essential for efficient metastatic colonization. Molecular metabolism, 109, 102382.

de Kivit S, et al. (2024) Immune suppression by human thymus-derived effector Tregs relies on glucose/lactate-fueled fatty acid synthesis. Cell reports, 43(9), 114681.