Resource Summary Report

Generated by dkNET on May 19, 2025

American Heart Association

RRID:SCR_007210
Type: Tool

Proper Citation

American Heart Association (RRID:SCR_007210)

Resource Information

URL: http://www.americanheart.org/

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Description: The American Heart Association (AHA) publishes medical scientific statements on various cardiovascular disease and stroke topics. AHA volunteer scientists and healthcare professionals write the papers. The statements are supported by scientific studies published in recognized journals and have a rigorous review and approval process. Scientific statements generally include a review of data available on a specific subject, an evaluation on its relationship to overall cardiovascular disease science, and often an American Heart Association position on the basis of that evaluation. The American Heart Association sponsors accredited scientific conferences and professional development seminars to disseminate new and emerging scientific knowledge and stimulate discussion on future research and the application of knowledge. Keywords: Heart, Cardiovascular, Disease, Stroke, Volunteer, Scientist, Healthcare, Development, Knowledge,

Synonyms: AHA

Resource Type: research forum portal, topical portal, disease-related portal, data or information resource, portal

Funding:

Resource Name: American Heart Association

Resource ID: SCR_007210

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-30095

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080240+0000

Record Last Update: 20250517T055810+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for American Heart Association.

No alerts have been found for American Heart Association.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 8541 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at dkNET.

Berek K, et al. (2025) Cerebrospinal fluid red blood cells and total protein are associated with clinical outcome in spontaneous subarachnoid hemorrhage. European journal of neurology, 32(1), e16456.

Xu W, et al. (2025) BMI-mediated association between glyphosate exposure and increased risk of atherosclerotic heart disease: A large-scale cross-sectional study. PloS one, 20(1), e0317908.

Mohatar-Barba M, et al. (2025) Cross-Sectional Study on the Influence of Religion on the Consumption of Ultra-Processed Food in Spanish Schoolchildren in North Africa. Nutrients, 17(2).

Zhu R, et al. (2025) Epicardial Adipose Tissue and Left Ventricular Hypertrophy in Hypertensive Patients With Preserved Ejection Fraction: A Multicenter Retrospective Cohort Study. Journal of clinical hypertension (Greenwich, Conn.), 27(1), e70003.

Bilak JM, et al. (2025) The Protocol for the Multi-Ethnic, multi-centre raNdomised controlled trial of a low-energy Diet for improving functional status in heart failure with Preserved ejection fraction (AMEND Preserved). BMJ open, 15(1), e094722.

Murray A, et al. (2025) First true blood pressure measurement with micropulse detection of arterial opening achieved. Scientific reports, 15(1), 3934.

Li S, et al. (2025) Association of hypertension and long-term blood pressure changes with new-onset diabetes in the elderly: A 10-year cohort study. Diabetes, obesity & metabolism, 27(1), 92.

Calixte R, et al. (2025) Education differences in blood pressure trajectories by sex through midlife: Findings from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1999-2018. Blood pressure monitoring, 30(1), 1.

Albin J, et al. (2025) Providing medically tailored groceries and food resource coaching through the charitable food system to patients of a safety-net clinic in Dallas, Texas: a randomised controlled trial protocol. BMJ open, 15(1), e096122.

Bae SW, et al. (2025) Enhancing Interpretable, Transparent, and Unobtrusive Detection of Acute Marijuana Intoxication in Natural Environments: Harnessing Smart Devices and Explainable AI to Empower Just-In-Time Adaptive Interventions: Longitudinal Observational Study. JMIR AI, 4, e52270.

Cheng J, et al. (2025) Sociodemographic and behavioral factors associated with diet quality among low-income community health center patients with hypertension. PloS one, 20(1), e0299781.

Nakada S, et al. (2025) Refining PREVENT prediction models for 10-year risk of cardiovascular disease using measures of anxiety and depression. CMAJ : Canadian Medical Association journal = journal de l'Association medicale canadienne, 197(1), E1.

Yan LD, et al. (2025) Treatment of prehypertension among adults with HIV. AIDS (London, England), 39(3), 261.

Eid WE, et al. (2025) Increasing provider awareness of Lp(a) testing for patients at risk for cardiovascular disease: A comparative study. American journal of preventive cardiology, 21, 100895.

Kubo A, et al. (2025) Impact of epinephrine on neurological outcomes in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest after automated external defibrillator use in Japan. Scientific reports, 15(1), 274.

Wafula ST, et al. (2025) Association between early life second-hand smoke exposure on child sleep and psychoactive substance use on adult sleep patterns in an urban informal settlement in Uganda. PloS one, 20(1), e0312127.

Xu T, et al. (2025) Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease is a strong predictor of carotid high-risk plaques as assessed by high-resolution magnetic resonance imaging. Quantitative imaging in medicine and surgery, 15(1), 898.

Kashiwazaki D, et al. (2025) Effect of Monosodium Urate Crystal Deposition on Atherosclerotic Carotid Plaques. Journal of clinical medicine, 14(2).

Hirsch C, et al. (2025) Assessing Attitudes and Perceptions of High-Risk, Low-Resource

Communities Towards Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Public-Access Defibrillation. Journal of clinical medicine, 14(2).

Neth BJ, et al. (2025) Consuming a modified Mediterranean ketogenic diet reverses the peripheral lipid signature of Alzheimer's disease in humans. Communications medicine, 5(1), 11.