Resource Summary Report

Generated by dkNET on Apr 27, 2025

National Diabetes Education Program

RRID:SCR_001477

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

National Diabetes Education Program (RRID:SCR_001477)

Resource Information

URL: http://www.ndep.nih.gov/

Proper Citation: National Diabetes Education Program (RRID:SCR_001477)

Description: Federal government public education program that promotes diabetes prevention and control. They aim to reduce the morbidity and mortality associated with diabetes and its complications. The NDEP is jointly sponsored by the National Institutes of Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and over 200 partner organizations. Target audiences include people with diabetes and those at risk, including the racial and ethnic populations disproportionately affected by the disease, health care providers and payers and purchasers of health care.

Abbreviations: NDEP

Resource Type: resource, training resource

Keywords: treatment, outcome, diabetes, diagnosis, prevention, blood glucose level,

complication, education, disease-related portal

Related Condition: Type 1 diabetes, Type 2 diabetes, Diabetes

Funding: NIDDK N02DK72927-8-0-1

Availability: Public

Resource Name: National Diabetes Education Program

Resource ID: SCR 001477

Alternate IDs: nlx_152708

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080207+0000

Record Last Update: 20250425T055159+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for National Diabetes Education Program.

No alerts have been found for National Diabetes Education Program.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 37 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at dkNET.

Papadakis JL, et al. (2024) Focused on the Family: Development of a Family-Based Intervention Promoting the Transition to Adult Health Care for Adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes. Children (Basel, Switzerland), 11(11).

Madievsky R, et al. (2023) A randomized controlled trial of a shared decision making intervention for diabetes prevention for women with a history of gestational diabetes mellitus: The Gestational diabetes Risk Attenuation for New Diabetes (GRAND study). Contemporary clinical trials, 124, 107007.

Aceves B, et al. (2022) Social Care Recommendations in National Diabetes Treatment Guidelines. Current diabetes reports, 22(10), 481.

Sabo R, et al. (2021) Diabetes Engagement and Activation Platform for Implementation and Effectiveness of Automated Virtual Type 2 Diabetes Self-Management Education: Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR diabetes, 6(1), e26621.

Lee SK, et al. (2019) Effect of Diabetes Education Through Pattern Management on Self-Care and Self-Efficacy in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. International journal of environmental research and public health, 16(18).

Woods-Giscombe CL, et al. (2019) A Mixed-Methods, Randomized Clinical Trial to Examine Feasibility of a Mindfulness-Based Stress Management and Diabetes Risk Reduction Intervention for African Americans with Prediabetes. Evidence-based complementary and alternative medicine: eCAM, 2019, 3962623.

Rahaman HS, et al. (2018) Effectiveness of a Patient Education Module on Diabetic Foot Care in Outpatient Setting: An Open-label Randomized Controlled Study. Indian journal of endocrinology and metabolism, 22(1), 74.

Siminerio LM, et al. (2018) The National Diabetes Education Program at 20 Years: Lessons Learned and Plans for the Future. Diabetes care, 41(2), 209.

Pyatak EA, et al. (2018) Occupational Therapy Intervention Improves Glycemic Control and Quality of Life Among Young Adults With Diabetes: the Resilient, Empowered, Active Living with Diabetes (REAL Diabetes) Randomized Controlled Trial. Diabetes care, 41(4), 696.

Chen X, et al. (2017) Machine or Human? Evaluating the Quality of a Language Translation Mobile App for Diabetes Education Material. JMIR diabetes, 2(1), e13.

Young LA, et al. (2017) Three approaches to glucose monitoring in non-insulin treated diabetes: a pragmatic randomized clinical trial protocol. BMC health services research, 17(1), 369.

Patel RM, et al. (2017) Effectiveness of a Group-Based Culturally Tailored Lifestyle Intervention Program on Changes in Risk Factors for Type 2 Diabetes among Asian Indians in the United States. Journal of diabetes research, 2017, 2751980.

Vinokur V, et al. (2016) The Loss of Myocardial Benefit following Ischemic Preconditioning Is Associated with Dysregulation of Iron Homeostasis in Diet-Induced Diabetes. PloS one, 11(7), e0159908.

Onda Y, et al. (2016) Age at Transition from Pediatric to Adult Care Has No Relationship with Mortality for Childhood-Onset Type 1 Diabetes in Japan: Diabetes Epidemiology Research International (DERI) Mortality Study. PloS one, 11(3), e0150720.

Chong MT, et al. (2016) Clinical outcomes of a diabetes education program for patients with diabetes mellitus in the Micronesian community in Hawaii. Journal of research in pharmacy practice, 5(3), 205.

Chen X, et al. (2016) Evaluating the Accuracy of Google Translate for Diabetes Education Material. JMIR diabetes, 1(1), e3.

Azizi A, et al. (2016) Diabetic Personal Health Record: A Systematic Review Article. Iranian journal of public health, 45(11), 1388.

Ing CT, et al. (2016) Social Support Groups in the Maintenance of Glycemic Control after Community-Based Intervention. Journal of diabetes research, 2016, 7913258.

Blanks SH, et al. (2016) Community Engaged Lifestyle Modification Research: Engaging Diabetic and Prediabetic African American Women in Community-Based Interventions. Journal of obesity, 2016, 3609289.

Liu Y, et al. (2015) Effect of peer education on self-management and psychological status in type 2 diabetes patients with emotional disorders. Journal of diabetes investigation, 6(4), 479.