

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Jul 31, 2026

Archives of General Psychiatry

RRID:SCR_008016

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Archives of General Psychiatry (RRID:SCR_008016)

Resource Information

URL: <http://archpsyc.ama-assn.org/>

Proper Citation: Archives of General Psychiatry (RRID:SCR_008016)

Description: The Archives of General Psychiatry strives to publish original, state-of-the-art studies and commentaries of general interest to clinicians, scholars, and research scientists in psychiatry, mental health, behavioral science, and allied fields. The Archives seeks to inform and to educate its readers as well as to stimulate debate and further exploration into the nature, causes, treatment, and public health importance of mental illness. Archives of General Psychiatry is an international peer-reviewed journal published 12 times a year. The online version is published on the first Monday of the month. There is a Middle Eastern edition of Archives of Neurology/Psychiatry published quarterly. The editor is interested in publishing high-impact articles that cover the field broadly, from genetic mechanisms to psychotherapeutic intervention trials. The acceptance rate is 17%. The average time from submission to first decision is 32 days; from acceptance to publication, 5.4 months. Its 2008 impact factor is 14.27 (the impact factor is a measure of citation rate per article, and is calculated by dividing 1 year's worth of citations to a journal's articles published in the previous 2 years by the number of major articles (eg, research papers, reviews) published by that journal in those 2 years).

Abbreviations: Archpsyc

Resource Type: journal article

Keywords: archive, behavioral science, commentary, mental health, neurology, psychiatry, research, science, study

Resource Name: Archives of General Psychiatry

Resource ID: SCR_008016

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-10152

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080245+0000

Record Last Update: 20260725T190647+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Archives of General Psychiatry.

No alerts have been found for Archives of General Psychiatry.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 174 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

W, et al. (2017) Anxiety and depression symptoms among women attending group-based patient education courses for hereditary breast and ovarian cancer. *Hereditary cancer in clinical practice*, 15, 2.

Ciuca AM, et al. (2016) Internet-based treatment for Romanian adults with panic disorder: protocol of a randomized controlled trial comparing a Skype-guided with an unguided self-help intervention (the PAXPD study). *BMC psychiatry*, 16, 6.

Perras MG, et al. (2016) Impact of a randomized possible selves experiment on new retirees' physical activity and identity. *European review of aging and physical activity : official journal of the European Group for Research into Elderly and Physical Activity*, 13(1), 7.

Cano-Vindel A, et al. (2016) Transdiagnostic Cognitive Behavioral Therapy Versus Treatment as Usual in Adult Patients With Emotional Disorders in the Primary Care Setting (PsicAP Study): Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial. *JMIR research protocols*, 5(4), e246.

Feliu-Soler A, et al. (2016) Cost-utility and biological underpinnings of Mindfulness-Based Stress Reduction (MBSR) versus a psychoeducational programme (FibroQoL) for fibromyalgia: a 12-month randomised controlled trial (EUDAIMON study). *BMC complementary and alternative medicine*, 16, 81.

Baracz SJ, et al. (2015) The Involvement of Oxytocin in the Subthalamic Nucleus on Relapse to Methamphetamine-Seeking Behaviour. *PloS one*, 10(8), e0136132.

Waloszek JM, et al. (2015) The SENSE Study (Sleep and Education: learning New Skills Early): a community cognitive-behavioural therapy and mindfulness-based sleep intervention to prevent depression and improve cardiac health in adolescence. *BMC psychology*, 3, 39.

Tait RJ, et al. (2015) Six-month outcomes of a Web-based intervention for users of amphetamine-type stimulants: randomized controlled trial. *Journal of medical Internet research*, 17(4), e105.

Tyler E, et al. (2015) The relationship between bipolar disorder and cannabis use in daily life: an experience sampling study. *PloS one*, 10(3), e0118916.

Allen AR, et al. (2015) Internet-based cognitive behavioural therapy (iCBT) for posttraumatic stress disorder versus waitlist control: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. *Trials*, 16, 544.

Geraci AA, et al. (2014) The Work behind Weight-Loss Surgery: A Qualitative Analysis of Food Intake after the First Two Years Post-Op. *ISRN obesity*, 2014, 427062.

Sidorov EV, et al. (2014) Cost-Minimization Analysis of Computed Tomography versus Magnetic Resonance Imaging in the Evaluation of Patients with Transient Ischemic Attacks at a Large Academic Center. *Cerebrovascular diseases extra*, 4(1), 69.

Williams K, et al. (2014) Reasoning Exercises in Assisted Living: a cluster randomized trial to improve reasoning and everyday problem solving. *Clinical interventions in aging*, 9, 981.

Salazar A, et al. (2014) Association of painful musculoskeletal conditions and migraine headache with mental and sleep disorders among adults with disabilities, Spain, 2007-2008. *Preventing chronic disease*, 11, E30.

Zhou H, et al. (2014) Models for count data with an application to Healthy Days measures: are you driving in screws with a hammer? *Preventing chronic disease*, 11, E50.

Celestin MD, et al. (2014) Partnering with health care systems to assess tobacco treatment practices and beliefs among clinicians: evaluating the process. *Preventing chronic disease*, 11, E91.

Bento AP, et al. (2014) The ChEMBL bioactivity database: an update. *Nucleic acids research*, 42(Database issue), D1083.

Thomas N, et al. (2014) A randomised controlled trial of acceptance and commitment therapy (ACT) for psychosis: study protocol. *BMC psychiatry*, 14, 198.

Tait RJ, et al. (2014) A Web-Based Intervention for Users of Amphetamine-Type Stimulants: 3-Month Outcomes of a Randomized Controlled Trial. *JMIR mental health*, 1(1), e1.

Erdem E, et al. (2014) Prevalence of chronic conditions among Medicare Part A beneficiaries in 2008 and 2010: are Medicare beneficiaries getting sicker? *Preventing chronic disease*, 11, 130118.