Resource Summary Report

Generated by <u>dkNET</u> on May 10, 2025

PhysioNet

RRID:SCR_007345 Type: Tool

Proper Citation

PhysioNet (RRID:SCR_007345)

Resource Information

URL: http://www.physionet.org/

Proper Citation: PhysioNet (RRID:SCR_007345)

Description: Collection of dissemination and exchange recorded biomedical signals and open-source software for analyzing them. Provides facilities for cooperative analysis of data and evaluation of proposed new algorithm. Providies free electronic access to PhysioBank data and PhysioToolkit software. Offers service and training via on-line tutorials to assist users at entry and more advanced levels. In cooperation with annual Computing in Cardiology conference, PhysioNet hosts series of challenges, in which researchers and students address unsolved problems of clinical or basic scientific interest using data and software provided by PhysioNet. All data included in PhysioBank, and all software included in PhysioToolkit, are carefully reviewed. Researchers are further invited to contribute data and software for review and possible inclusion in PhysioBank and PhysioToolkit. Please review guidelines before submitting material.

Abbreviations: PhysioNet

Synonyms: Physionet: The Research Resource for Complex Physiologic Signals, PhysioNet, PhysioNet: The Research Resource for Complex Physiologic Signals

Resource Type: storage service resource, data or information resource, analysis service resource, service resource, database, production service resource, data analysis service, data repository

Defining Citation: PMID:22256277, PMID:14716615, PMID:14632011, PMID:11446213, PMID:10851218

Keywords: physiologic, physiology, signal, software, research, biomedical, cardiopulmonary,

neural, healthy, patient, cardiac, death, congestive heart failure, epilepsy, gait, disorder, sleep apnea, cardioogy, computation, physiologic signal, workspace, time series, FASEB list

Related Condition: Aging

Funding: NIBIB ; NIGMS

Availability: Free, Freely available

Resource Name: PhysioNet

Resource ID: SCR_007345

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-00250, DOI:10.17616/R3D06S, DOI:10.25504/FAIRsharing.bemzxg, DOI:10.13026

Alternate URLs: https://doi.org/10.17616/R3D06S, https://doi.org/10.17616/r3d06s, https://doi.org/10.13026/, https://dx.doi.org/10.13026/, https://fairsharing.org/10.25504/FAIRsharing.bemzxg

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080241+0000

Record Last Update: 20250509T055842+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for PhysioNet.

No alerts have been found for PhysioNet.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 491 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at <u>dkNET</u>.

Porschen C, et al. (2025) pyAKI-An open source solution to automated acute kidney injury classification. PloS one, 20(1), e0315325.

Deng T, et al. (2025) Association of blood urea nitrogen with 28-day mortality in critically ill patients: A multi-center retrospective study based on the eICU collaborative research database. PloS one, 20(1), e0317315.

Sbrollini A, et al. (2025) Clinically interpretable multiclass neural network for discriminating cardiac diseases. Heliyon, 11(1), e41195.

Jiang X, et al. (2025) The relationship between hypomagnesemia and ICU mortality in severe hemorrhagic stroke patients: an observational multicentre study on eICU database. BMC cardiovascular disorders, 25(1), 73.

Duarte CD, et al. (2025) Statistical Complexity Analysis of Sleep Stages. Entropy (Basel, Switzerland), 27(1).

Chicco D, et al. (2025) The Venus score for the assessment of the quality and trustworthiness of biomedical datasets. BioData mining, 18(1), 1.

Jalali H, et al. (2025) Sleep stages classification based on feature extraction from music of brain. Heliyon, 11(1), e41147.

Wang X, et al. (2025) Heart failure subphenotypes based on mean arterial pressure trajectory identify patients at increased risk of acute kidney injury. Renal failure, 47(1), 2452205.

Sundrelingam V, et al. (2025) pyDeid: an improved, fast, flexible, and generalizable rulebased approach for deidentification of free-text medical records. JAMIA open, 8(1), ooae152.

Jibon FA, et al. (2024) Sequential graph convolutional network and DeepRNN based hybrid framework for epileptic seizure detection from EEG signal. Digital health, 10, 20552076241249874.

Xiong X, et al. (2024) Application of LightGBM hybrid model based on TPE algorithm optimization in sleep apnea detection. Frontiers in neuroscience, 18, 1324933.

Huang H, et al. (2024) Evaluation of the therapeutic efficiency and efficacy of blood purification in the treatment of severe acute pancreatitis. PloS one, 19(1), e0296641.

Amer NS, et al. (2024) Exploring new horizons in neuroscience disease detection through innovative visual signal analysis. Scientific reports, 14(1), 4217.

Akbarnia Y, et al. (2024) EEG-based identification system using deep neural networks with frequency features. Heliyon, 10(4), e25999.

Altunkaya S, et al. (2024) Leveraging feature selection for enhanced fall risk prediction in elderly using gait analysis. Medical & biological engineering & computing, 62(12), 3887.

Kim KG, et al. (2024) Self-attention with temporal prior: can we learn more from the arrow of time? Frontiers in artificial intelligence, 7, 1397298.

Le Gall A, et al. (2024) End-tidal carbon dioxide and arterial to end-tidal carbon dioxide gradient are associated with mortality in patients with neurological injuries. Scientific reports, 14(1), 19172.

Chen X, et al. (2024) Development and external validation of machine learning-based models to predict patients with cellulitis developing sepsis during hospitalisation. BMJ open, 14(7), e084183.

Zhao W, et al. (2024) A simple and effective deep neural network based QRS complex detection method on ECG signal. Frontiers in physiology, 15, 1384356.

Park H, et al. (2024) Artificial intelligence estimated electrocardiographic age as a recurrence predictor after atrial fibrillation catheter ablation. NPJ digital medicine, 7(1), 234.