

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 21, 2026

pMAX-DEST

RRID:Addgene_37631

Type: Plasmid

Proper Citation

RRID:Addgene_37631

Plasmid Information

URL: <http://www.addgene.org/37631>

Proper Citation: RRID:Addgene_37631

Bacterial Resistance: Chloramphenicol and Kanamycin

Defining Citation: [PMID:18245377](#)

Vector Backbone Description: Backbone Marker:Amaxa; Backbone Size:2800; Vector Backbone:pmaxGFP; Vector Types:Mammalian Expression; Bacterial Resistance:Chloramphenicol and Kanamycin

Plasmid Name: pMAX-DEST

Record Creation Time: 20220422T222159+0000

Record Last Update: 20260815T081416+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for pMAX-DEST.

No alerts have been found for pMAX-DEST.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Addgene](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Vaparanta K, et al. (2024) De Novo Multi-Omics Pathway Analysis Designed for Prior Data Independent Inference of Cell Signaling Pathways. Molecular & cellular proteomics : MCP, 23(7), 100780.

Hammer A, et al. (2022) Retrograde Analysis of Calcium Signaling by CaMPARI2 Shows Cytosolic Calcium in Chondrocytes Is Unaffected by Parabolic Flights. Biomedicines, 10(1).

He H, et al. (2020) Enzymatic Noncovalent Synthesis for Mitochondrial Genetic Engineering of Cancer Cells. Cell reports. Physical science, 1(12).

Merilahti JAM, et al. (2017) Genome-wide screen of gamma-secretase-mediated intramembrane cleavage of receptor tyrosine kinases. Molecular biology of the cell, 28(22), 3123.