

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 7, 2026

VP16-ER beta (long)

RRID:Addgene_11352

Type: Plasmid

Proper Citation

RRID:Addgene_11352

Plasmid Information

URL: <http://www.addgene.org/11352>

Proper Citation: RRID:Addgene_11352

Insert Name: ER beta long

Organism: Homo sapiens

Bacterial Resistance: Ampicillin

Defining Citation: [PMID:10567548](#)

Vector Backbone Description: Backbone Marker:Clontech; Backbone Size:3300; Vector Backbone:pVP16; Vector Types:Mammalian Expression; Bacterial Resistance:Ampicillin

Plasmid Name: VP16-ER beta (long)

Record Creation Time: 20220422T221554+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T074443+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for VP16-ER beta (long).

No alerts have been found for VP16-ER beta (long).

Data and Source Information

Source: [Addgene](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Liao TL, et al. (2019) Mitochondrial translocation of estrogen receptor α affords resistance to oxidative insult-induced apoptosis and contributes to the pathogenesis of endometriosis. Free radical biology & medicine, 134, 359.

Bayele HK, et al. (2019) A conserved mechanism of sirtuin signalling through steroid hormone receptors. Bioscience reports, 39(12).

Pitta CA, et al. (2013) Reversal of ER- α silencing by chromatin modifying agents overrides acquired tamoxifen resistance. Cancer letters, 337(2), 167.