

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 7, 2026

Mouse Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone G-A-5

RRID:AB_477010

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Sigma-Aldrich Cat# G3893, RRID:AB_477010

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_477010

Proper Citation: Sigma-Aldrich Cat# G3893, RRID:AB_477010

Target Antigen: Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP)

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Vendor recommendations: Immunohistochemistry; Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin sections)

Antibody Name: Mouse Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone G-A-5

Description: This monoclonal targets Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP)

Target Organism: rat, porcine, pig, human

Clone ID: Clone G-A-5

Defining Citation: [PMID:19418545](#), [PMID:18335540](#), [PMID:21246554](#), [PMID:20533360](#), [PMID:18186028](#), [PMID:17348003](#), [PMID:21246550](#), [PMID:18668683](#), [PMID:20187137](#), [PMID:17183554](#), [PMID:21452199](#), [PMID:16680766](#), [PMID:18729150](#), [PMID:19330822](#), [PMID:18698599](#), [PMID:20575070](#), [PMID:19058188](#), [PMID:18236450](#), [PMID:17111374](#), [PMID:20437530](#), [PMID:18076058](#), [PMID:18300261](#), [PMID:16871537](#), [PMID:23224860](#), [PMID:19363795](#)

Antibody ID: AB_477010

Vendor: Sigma-Aldrich

Catalog Number: G3893

Record Creation Time: 20250820T054939+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T223358+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Mouse Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone G-A-5.

No alerts have been found for Mouse Anti-Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein (GFAP) Monoclonal Antibody, Unconjugated, Clone G-A-5.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 342 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#).

Martin A, et al. (2026) Generalizable, high-throughput image analysis of subcellular structures using dispersion indices. *iScience*, 29(4), 115371.

Becker S, et al. (2026) Healing of ischemic injury in the retina. *Science advances*, 12(4), eadx7204.

Siliezar-Doyle J, et al. (2026) Translatome profiling of spinal cord astrocytes reveals distinct gene signatures associated with acute and chronic pain. *iScience*, 29(5), 115719.

Gaston-Breton R, et al. (2026) Female metabolic resilience and male-biased protein quality defects under hypoxia in human brain organoids. *iScience*, 29(5), 115714.

Crawford LS, et al. (2026) Longitudinal Tracking of Astrocyte Reactivity During the Development of Chronic Orofacial Neuropathic Pain Using [18F]-SMBT-1 Positron-Emission Tomography. *Glia*, 74(8), e70182.

Assaf S, et al. (2026) Glioblastoma stem cell growth requires DOT1L-MED23 control of enhancer accessibility. *Cell reports*, 45(7), 117647.

Shimoda T, et al. (2026) LPA4 in the spinal dorsal horn is a potential therapeutic target for inflammatory pain and neuropathic mechanical hypersensitivity. *iScience*, 29(8), 116845.

Hinestroza-Morales S, et al. (2026) Differential morphology and distribution of GFAP astrocytes in vocal brain circuit in a songbird Southern house wren and humans. *Frontiers in neuroanatomy*, 20, 1606172.

Tai W, et al. (2026) In vivo reprogramming of NG2 glia improves bladder function after spinal cord injury. *iScience*, 29(3), 114850.

Kumar K, et al. (2026) Gestational deltamethrin exposure exacerbates post-traumatic epileptiform activity and social deficits, diminishing the therapeutic efficacy of curcumin in rats. *Metabolic brain disease*, 41(1).

Hanes CM, et al. (2026) A new mouse mutant with a discrete mutation in *Pcdhgc5* reveals that the Protocadherin γ C5 isoform is not essential for dendrite arborization in the cerebral cortex. *PloS one*, 21(3), e0344863.

Nemati S, et al. (2026) Therapeutic reactivation of hippocampal progenitors reverse cognition decline in mice with progressive brain demyelination. *Stem cell reports*, 21(5), 102896.

van Bruggen R, et al. (2026) Partial Deletion of *Cxcl12* from Hippocampal Cajal-Retzius Cells Does Not Disrupt Dentate Gyrus Development or Neurobehaviors. *eNeuro*, 13(1).

Pósfai B, et al. (2026) P2Y₁₂ Receptor Function Governs Microglial Surveillance and Cell-Cell Interactions in the Cerebral Cortex. *Glia*, 74(2), e70109.

Ezquerro-Herce S, et al. (2026) Cannabinoid CB₁ receptors drive oligodendrocyte maturation during myelin regeneration. *Cell communication and signaling : CCS*, 24(1).

Vidos C, et al. (2026) Early Hypo-Osmolar Stress Regulates Astrocyte Reactivity After Brain Injury: "New Insights Into Glial Response to Edema". *Journal of neurochemistry*, 170(7), e70524.

Vaquero-Rodríguez A, et al. (2025) Temporal progression of pathological features in an α -synuclein overexpression model of Parkinson's disease. *Brain structure & function*, 230(6), 91.

Peichl L, et al. (2025) Eye features and retinal photoreceptors of the nocturnal aardvark (*Orycteropus afer*, *Tubulidentata*). *PloS one*, 20(3), e0314252.

Bardy-Lagarde M, et al. (2025) Estradiol Promotes Myelin Repair in the Spinal Cord of Female Mice in a CXCR4 Chemokine Receptor-Independent Manner. *International journal of molecular sciences*, 26(10).

Xu J, et al. (2025) GPR37L1 identifies spinal cord astrocytes and protects neuropathic pain after nerve injury. *Neuron*, 113(8), 1206.