

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Jul 31, 2026

CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), Biotin, eBioscience

RRID:AB_466424

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# 13-0341-81, RRID:AB_466424)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_466424

Proper Citation: (Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# 13-0341-81, RRID:AB_466424)

Target Antigen: CD34

Host Organism: rat

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: Flow
Consolidation on 1/2020: AB_466424, AB_10113330

Antibody Name: CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), Biotin, eBioscience

Description: This monoclonal targets CD34

Target Organism: mouse

Clone ID: Clone RAM34

Antibody ID: AB_466424

Vendor: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog Number: 13-0341-81

Record Creation Time: 20251213T073626+0000

Record Last Update: 20260225T230800+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), Biotin, eBioscience.

No alerts have been found for CD34 Monoclonal Antibody (RAM34), Biotin, eBioscience.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 7 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Chen D, et al. (2025) Fibroblast bioelectric signaling drives hair growth. *Cell*.

Petitpas C, et al. (2025) Injury and inflammation promote cancer progression at the anorectal junction. *Cell reports*, 44(11), 116552.

Strobl K, et al. (2024) JAK-STAT1 as therapeutic target for EGFR deficiency-associated inflammation and scarring alopecia. *EMBO molecular medicine*, 16(12), 3142.

Garcia P, et al. (2024) Setdb1 protects genome integrity in murine muscle stem cells to allow for regenerative myogenesis and inflammation. *Developmental cell*, 59(17), 2375.

Kwok I, et al. (2020) Combinatorial Single-Cell Analyses of Granulocyte-Monocyte Progenitor Heterogeneity Reveals an Early Uni-potent Neutrophil Progenitor. *Immunity*, 53(2), 303.

Giordani L, et al. (2019) High-Dimensional Single-Cell Cartography Reveals Novel Skeletal Muscle-Resident Cell Populations. *Molecular cell*, 74(3), 609.

Chan SS, et al. (2018) Skeletal Muscle Stem Cells from PSC-Derived Teratomas Have Functional Regenerative Capacity. *Cell stem cell*, 23(1), 74.