

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 7, 2026

Ultra-LEAF™ Purified Human IgG1 Isotype Ctrl Recombinant

RRID:AB_2927629

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

BioLegend Cat# 403501, RRID:AB_2927629

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2927629

Proper Citation: BioLegend Cat# 403501, RRID:AB_2927629

Host Organism: human

Clonality: recombinant monoclonal

Comments: Applications: FC

Antibody Name: Ultra-LEAF™ Purified Human IgG1 Isotype Ctrl Recombinant

Description: This recombinant monoclonal targets

Target Organism: not applicable

Clone ID: clone QA16A12

Antibody ID: AB_2927629

Vendor: BioLegend

Catalog Number: 403501

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 403502

Record Creation Time: 20250819T213700+0000

Record Last Update: 20250819T233238+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Ultra-LEAF™ Purified Human IgG1 Isotype Ctrl Recombinant.

No alerts have been found for Ultra-LEAF™ Purified Human IgG1 Isotype Ctrl Recombinant.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Tian M, et al. (2026) Targeted antibody-drug conjugates for rhabdomyosarcoma and other FGFR4-expressing cancers. Cell reports. Medicine, 7(7), 102922.

Wang S, et al. (2025) NKG2D receptor ligands are cell surface biomarkers for injured murine and human nociceptive sensory neurons. Journal of neuroinflammation, 23(1), 42.

Hofman T, et al. (2024) IFN γ mediates the resistance of tumor cells to distinct NK cell subsets. Journal for immunotherapy of cancer, 12(7).

Albanese M, et al. (2024) Receptor transfer between immune cells by autoantibody-enhanced, CD32-driven trogocytosis is hijacked by HIV-1 to infect resting CD4 T cells. Cell reports. Medicine, 5(4), 101483.

Kschonsak YT, et al. (2023) Potent and selective binders of the E3 ubiquitin ligase ZNRF3 stimulate Wnt signaling and intestinal organoid growth. Cell chemical biology.