

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 17, 2026

Alexa Fluor(R) 488 anti-human CD27 Recombinant

RRID:AB_2750089

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

BioLegend Cat# 393204, RRID:AB_2750089

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2750089

Proper Citation: BioLegend Cat# 393204, RRID:AB_2750089

Target Antigen: CD27

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: recombinant monoclonal

Comments: Applications: FC

Antibody Name: Alexa Fluor(R) 488 anti-human CD27 Recombinant

Description: This recombinant monoclonal targets CD27

Target Organism: human

Clone ID: Clone QA17A18

Antibody ID: AB_2750089

Vendor: BioLegend

Catalog Number: 393204

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 393203

Record Creation Time: 20250820T004646+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T091024+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Alexa Fluor(R) 488 anti-human CD27 Recombinant.

No alerts have been found for Alexa Fluor(R) 488 anti-human CD27 Recombinant.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Dacon C, et al. (2025) Protective antibodies target cryptic epitope unmasked by cleavage of malaria sporozoite protein. Science (New York, N.Y.), 387(6729), eadr0510.

Wang LT, et al. (2024) Natural malaria infection elicits rare but potent neutralizing antibodies to the blood-stage antigen RH5. Cell, 187(18), 4981.

Dacon C, et al. (2023) Rare, convergent antibodies targeting the stem helix broadly neutralize diverse betacoronaviruses. Cell host & microbe, 31(1), 97.

Silk SE, et al. (2023) Superior antibody immunogenicity of a viral-vectored RH5 blood-stage malaria vaccine in Tanzanian infants as compared to adults. Med (New York, N.Y.), 4(10), 668.

Szodoray P, et al. (2021) Integration of T helper and BCR signals governs enhanced plasma cell differentiation of memory B cells by regulation of CD45 phosphatase activity. Cell reports, 36(6), 109525.