Resource Summary Report

Generated by dkNET on Aug 30, 2026

Brilliant Violet 605(TM) anti-mouse CD69

RRID:AB_2563062
Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

BioLegend Cat# 104530, RRID:AB_2563062

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2563062

Proper Citation: BioLegend Cat# 104530, RRID:AB_2563062

Target Antigen: CD69

Host Organism: armenian hamster

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: FC

Antibody Name: Brilliant Violet 605(TM) anti-mouse CD69

Description: This monoclonal targets CD69

Target Organism: mouse

Clone ID: Clone H1.2F3

Antibody ID: AB_2563062

Vendor: BioLegend

Catalog Number: 104530

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 104529

Record Creation Time: 20250820T013951+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T113142+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Brilliant Violet 605(TM) anti-mouse CD69.

No alerts have been found for Brilliant Violet 605(TM) anti-mouse CD69.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 18 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at dkNET .

De la Torre Medina J, et al. (2026) Immunomodulation of Pancreatic Cancer via Inhibition of SUMOylation and the CD155/TIGIT Pathway. Molecular cancer therapeutics, 25(6), 957.

Zeng Q, et al. (2026) Intratumoral Tertiary Lymphoid Structures Characterized by a B Cell-Related Signature Elicit Antitumor Effect through HAPLN3 in Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Cancer immunology research, 14(5), 771.

Jiang R, et al. (2026) A longitudinal atlas of human psoriatic skin reveals the mechanisms of anti-IL-23 therapy in disrupting the type 17 inflammatory circuit. Immunity, 59(6), 1758.

Zhanzak Z, et al. (2025) Identification of indirect CD4+ T cell epitopes associated with transplant rejection provides a target for donor-specific tolerance induction. Immunity, 58(2), 448.

Tang Z, et al. (2025) Spatial transcriptomics reveals tryptophan metabolism restricting maturation of intratumoral tertiary lymphoid structures. Cancer cell, 43(6), 1025.

Wang S, et al. (2025) ENPP1 inhibitor with ultralong drug-target residence time as an innate immune checkpoint blockade cancer therapy. Cell reports. Medicine, 6(9), 102336.

Huang L, et al. (2025) Interferon-driven CAF reprogramming augments immunogenic response to neoadjuvant radiotherapy in colorectal cancer. Cell reports. Medicine, 6(8), 102251.

Zeng Q, et al. (2025) Gut microbiota-driven pathogenic Th17 cells mediated autoimmune epididymo-orchitis in a mouse model of colitis. iScience, 28(5), 112508.

Ver Heul AM, et al. (2025) RAG suppresses group 2 innate lymphoid cells. eLife, 13.

Braun LM, et al. (2025) Adiponectin reduces immune checkpoint inhibitor-induced inflammation without blocking anti-tumor immunity. Cancer cell, 43(2), 269.

Huang H, et al. (2025) Biomimetic nanoimmunotherapy boosts spatiotemporal PANoptosis and reshapes desmoplastic tumor microenvironment. Cell reports. Medicine, 6(9), 102312.

Tsai CY, et al. (2024) Splenic marginal zone B cells restrict Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection by shaping the cytokine pattern and cell-mediated immunity. Cell reports, 43(7), 114426.

Liang Z, et al. (2024) Intestinal CXCR6+ ILC3s migrate to the kidney and exacerbate renal fibrosis via IL-23 receptor signaling enhanced by PD-1 expression. Immunity, 57(6), 1306.

Sudholz H, et al. (2024) DOT1L maintains NK cell phenotype and function for optimal tumor control. Cell reports, 43(6), 114333.

Lin YH, et al. (2023) Small intestine and colon tissue-resident memory CD8+ T cells exhibit molecular heterogeneity and differential dependence on Eomes. Immunity, 56(1), 207.

Kurniawan H, et al. (2020) Glutathione Restricts Serine Metabolism to Preserve Regulatory T Cell Function. Cell metabolism, 31(5), 920.

Aldon Y, et al. (2020) Chemokine-Adjuvanted Plasmid DNA Induces Homing of Antigen-Specific and Non-Antigen-Specific B and T Cells to the Intestinal and Genital Mucosae. Journal of immunology (Baltimore, Md. : 1950), 204(4), 903.

Hirai T, et al. (2019) Keratinocyte-Mediated Activation of the Cytokine TGF-? Maintains Skin Recirculating Memory CD8+ T Cells. Immunity, 50(5), 1249.