

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 1, 2026

Anti-Excitatory amino acid transporter 2, clone G6

RRID:AB_10615610

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Millipore Cat# MAB2262, RRID:AB_10615610

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_10615610

Proper Citation: Millipore Cat# MAB2262, RRID:AB_10615610

Target Antigen: Excitatory amino acid transporter 2 clone G6

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: seller recommendations: IgG1; IgG1 Immunocytochemistry; Western Blot; Immunohistochemistry; WB, IH, IC

Antibody Name: Anti-Excitatory amino acid transporter 2, clone G6

Description: This monoclonal targets Excitatory amino acid transporter 2 clone G6

Target Organism: h, m, r

Antibody ID: AB_10615610

Vendor: Millipore

Catalog Number: MAB2262

Record Creation Time: 20250819T233211+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T053846+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-Excitatory amino acid transporter 2, clone G6.

No alerts have been found for Anti-Excitatory amino acid transporter 2, clone G6.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Gomes CM, et al. (2025) Addressing neuroinflammation in human induced pluripotent stem cell-derived central nervous system neurospheroids. iScience, 28(9), 113246.

Olivero G, et al. (2024) Complement tunes glutamate release and supports synaptic impairments in an animal model of multiple sclerosis. British journal of pharmacology, 181(12), 1812.

Baytas O, et al. (2024) Loss of mitochondrial enzyme GPT2 leads to reprogramming of synaptic glutamate metabolism. Molecular brain, 17(1), 87.

Baytas O, et al. (2024) Loss of mitochondrial enzyme GPT2 leads to reprogramming of synaptic glutamate metabolism. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.