

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Jul 31, 2026

beta Actin antibody [AC-15]

RRID:AB_367161

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

GeneTex Cat# GTX26276, RRID:AB_367161

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_367161

Proper Citation: GeneTex Cat# GTX26276, RRID:AB_367161

Target Antigen: Actin, beta

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: WB, ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, ELISA

Antibody Name: beta Actin antibody [AC-15]

Description: This monoclonal targets Actin, beta

Target Organism: chicken, monkey, rat, pig, mouse, carp, rabbit, cat, bovine, human, dog, sheep

Clone ID: Clone AC-15

Antibody ID: AB_367161

Vendor: GeneTex

Catalog Number: GTX26276

Record Creation Time: 20250820T004518+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T090649+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for beta Actin antibody [AC-15].

No alerts have been found for beta Actin antibody [AC-15].

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Hennlein L, et al. (2023) Plastin 3 rescues cell surface translocation and activation of TrkB in spinal muscular atrophy. The Journal of cell biology, 222(3).

Hu C, et al. (2021) Long non-coding RNA small nucleolar RNA host gene 1 alleviates the progression of epilepsy by regulating the miR-181a/BCL-2 axis in vitro. Life sciences, 267, 118935.

Liu Y, et al. (2021) Plasmalogen attenuates the development of hepatic steatosis and cognitive deficit through mechanism involving p75NTR inhibition. Redox biology, 43, 102002.

Hasler D, et al. (2020) The Alazami Syndrome-Associated Protein LARP7 Guides U6 Small Nuclear RNA Modification and Contributes to Splicing Robustness. Molecular cell, 77(5), 1014.

Bramanti V, et al. (2015) Modulation of extracellular signal-related kinase, cyclin D1, glial fibrillary acidic protein, and vimentin expression in estradiol-pretreated astrocyte cultures treated with competence and progression growth factors. Journal of neuroscience research, 93(9), 1378.