

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 5, 2026

Anti-Chx10, N-terminus

RRID:AB_2216009

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Millipore Cat# AB9016, RRID:AB_2216009

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2216009

Proper Citation: Millipore Cat# AB9016, RRID:AB_2216009

Target Antigen: Chx10 N-terminus

Host Organism: sheep

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Applications: WB
Consolidation on 9/2023: AB_11211893

Antibody Name: Anti-Chx10, N-terminus

Description: This polyclonal targets Chx10 N-terminus

Target Organism: rat, mouse, bovine, human

Defining Citation: [PMID:18975268](#)

Antibody ID: AB_2216009

Vendor: Millipore

Catalog Number: AB9016

Record Creation Time: 20231110T055755+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T055256+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-Chx10, N-terminus.

No alerts have been found for Anti-Chx10, N-terminus.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Sun Z, et al. (2024) Harnessing developmental dynamics of spinal cord extracellular matrix improves regenerative potential of spinal cord organoids. *Cell stem cell*, 31(5), 772.

Zheng X, et al. (2023) Preclinical long-term safety of intraspinal transplantation of human dorsal spinal GABA neural progenitor cells. *iScience*, 26(11), 108306.

Vrathasha V, et al. (2022) Transplanted human induced pluripotent stem cells- derived retinal ganglion cells embed within mouse retinas and are electrophysiologically functional. *iScience*, 25(11), 105308.

Thomas ED, et al. (2022) Cell-specific cis-regulatory elements and mechanisms of non-coding genetic disease in human retina and retinal organoids. *Developmental cell*, 57(6), 820.

Bouskila J, et al. (2018) Retinal structure and function in monkeys with fetal alcohol exposure. *Experimental eye research*, 177, 55.

Diacou R, et al. (2018) Six3 and Six6 Are Jointly Required for the Maintenance of Multipotent Retinal Progenitors through Both Positive and Negative Regulation. *Cell reports*, 25(9), 2510.