

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 11, 2026

RNA Polymerase II H14 Monoclonal Antibody

RRID:AB_10119940

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Covance Cat# MMS-134R-200, RRID:AB_10119940

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_10119940

Proper Citation: Covance Cat# MMS-134R-200, RRID:AB_10119940

Target Antigen: RNA Polymerase II H14

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: manufacturer recommendations: IgM; IgM Affinity Purification; Immunofluorescence; Western Blot; Functional Assay; Immunoprecipitation; WB, IF, IP, pol II purification and functional studies

Antibody Name: RNA Polymerase II H14 Monoclonal Antibody

Description: This monoclonal targets RNA Polymerase II H14

Target Organism: yeast/fungi, extensive (yeast to human), human

Antibody ID: AB_10119940

Vendor: Covance

Catalog Number: MMS-134R-200

Record Creation Time: 20231110T080833+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T002420+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for RNA Polymerase II H14 Monoclonal Antibody.

No alerts have been found for RNA Polymerase II H14 Monoclonal Antibody.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Li Q, et al. (2020) Meiotic Double-Strand Break Processing and Crossover Patterning Are Regulated in a Sex-Specific Manner by BRCA1-BARD1 in *Caenorhabditis elegans*. *Genetics*, 216(2), 359.

Li Y, et al. (2017) H2Av facilitates H3S10 phosphorylation but is not required for heat shock-induced chromatin decondensation or transcriptional elongation. *Development (Cambridge, England)*, 144(18), 3232.

Sengupta S, et al. (2016) Digitor/dASCIZ Has Multiple Roles in *Drosophila* Development. *PloS one*, 11(11), e0166829.

Kuschal C, et al. (2016) GTF2E2 Mutations Destabilize the General Transcription Factor Complex TFIIE in Individuals with DNA Repair-Proficient Trichothiodystrophy. *American journal of human genetics*, 98(4), 627.