

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 3, 2026

FEMX-I

RRID:CVCL_A011

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_A011

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_A011

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_A011

Description: Cell line FEMX-I is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Melanoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:3390834](#), [PMID:7806588](#), [PMID:18359977](#), [PMID:18802032](#)

Comments: Characteristics: Established from a first generation nude mouse xenograft of the original tumor.

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: FEMX-I

Synonyms: FEMX-1, FEMX1, FEMX

Cross References: ChEMBL-Cells:ChEMBL4295472, Cosmic:922391, Wikidata:Q54834743

ID: CVCL_A011

Record Creation Time: 20220427T215846+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T232637+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for FEMX-I.

No alerts have been found for FEMX-I.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Rasbach E, et al. (2025) Targeting the tumor cell-intrinsic ITGB2 axis inhibits melanoma progression. *Molecular cancer*, 24(1), 310.

B??ckelmann LC, et al. (2021) YKL-40 protein expression in human tumor samples and human tumor cell line xenografts: implications for its use in tumor models. *Cellular oncology (Dordrecht)*, 44(5), 1183.

Chao OS, et al. (2017) The HDAC6 Inhibitor Tubacin Induces Release of CD133+ Extracellular Vesicles From Cancer Cells. *Journal of cellular biochemistry*, 118(12), 4414.