

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 7, 2026

HEL-R66

RRID:CVCL_1R39

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_1R39

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_1R39

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_1R39

Description: Cell line HEL-R66 is a Undefined cell line type with a species of origin Chlorocebus aethiops (Green monkey)

Sex: Sex unspecified

Defining Citation: [PMID:116626](#), [PMID:218901](#), [PMID:6451928](#), [PMID:7236009](#), [PMID:20143388](#)

Comments: Virology: Highly susceptible to infection by herpes simplex virus types 1 and 2, vaccinia virus, Newcastle disease virus (NDV), Japanese encephalitis virus (JEV), western equine encephalitis virus, Sindbis virus, vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV) and rabies virus (PubMed=116626; PubMed=218901).. Problematic cell line: Misidentified. Originally thought to be an embryonic lung cell line of human origin but found to be from Chlorocebus aethiops (PubMed=6451928; PubMed=7236009; PubMed=20143388).. Group: Non-human primate cell line.

Category: Undefined cell line type

Organism: Chlorocebus aethiops (Green monkey)

Name: HEL-R66

Synonyms: HELR66

Cross References: BioSample:SAMN03152012, Wikidata:Q54882507

ID: CVCL_1R39

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220330+0000

Record Last Update: 20260905T180240+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for HEL-R66.

Warning: Problematic cell line: Misidentified. Originally thought to be of human origin but found to be from *Chlorocebus aethiops* (PubMed=6451928; PubMed=7236009; PubMed=20143388).

Registration: International Cell Line Authentication Committee, Register of Misidentified Cell Lines; ICLAC-00065

Virology: Highly susceptible to infection by herpes simplex virus types 1 and 2, vaccinia virus, Newcastle disease virus (NDV), Japanese encephalitis virus (JEV), western equine encephalitis virus, Sindbis virus, vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV) and rabies virus (PubMed=116626; PubMed=218901)., Problematic cell line: Misidentified. Originally thought to be an embryonic lung cell line of human origin but found to be from *Chlorocebus aethiops* (PubMed=6451928; PubMed=7236009; PubMed=20143388)..., Group: Non-human primate cell line.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We have not found any literature mentions for this resource.