

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 3, 2026

NCI-H1184

RRID:CVCL_1458

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_1458

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_1458

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_1458

Description: Cell line NCI-H1184 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Disease: Lung small cell carcinoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:1312696](#), [PMID:1565469](#), [PMID:8806092](#), [PMID:8806103](#), [PMID:9559342](#), [PMID:10987304](#), [PMID:11030152](#), [PMID:11314036](#), [PMID:20557307](#), [PMID:20679594](#), [PMID:22460905](#), [PMID:23716474](#), [PMID:24586258](#), [PMID:26589293](#), [PMID:30894373](#), [PMID:31068700](#), [PMID:31803961](#), [PMID:39154123](#)

Comments: Donor information: Established from a 75 packs per year smoker (ATCC=CRL-5858)., Population: Caucasian., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE).

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: NCI-H1184

Synonyms: H1184, H-1184, NCIH1184

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0007983, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-2770, ATCC:CRL-5858, BioSample:SAMN03472574, BioSample:SAMN03473568, BioSample:SAMN10987606, cancercellines:CVCL_1458, Cell_Model_Passport:SIDM01679, Cosmic:688000, Cosmic:852001, Cosmic:877218, Cosmic:980943, Cosmic:1032412, Cosmic:1518089, Cosmic:1891910, Cosmic:2125225, Cosmic:2560233, Cosmic:2628356, DepMap:ACH-000523, DSMZ:ACC-502, DSMZCellDive:ACC-502, GDSC:688000, GEO:GSM171840,

GEO:GSM171841, GEO:GSM794309, GEO:GSM844616, GEO:GSM845539,
GEO:GSM887354, GEO:GSM888432, IARC_TP53:426, LiGeA:CCLE_745,
PharmacDB:NCIH1184_1004_2019, Progenetix:CVCL_1458, Wikidata:Q54907775

ID: CVCL_1458

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220837+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T234729+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for NCI-H1184.

No alerts have been found for NCI-H1184.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Martin-Vega A, et al. (2024) ASCL1 Restrains ERK1/2 to Promote Survival of a Subset of Neuroendocrine Lung Cancers. Molecular cancer therapeutics, 23(12), 1789.

Tan KT, et al. (2024) Neotelomeres and telomere-spanning chromosomal arm fusions in cancer genomes revealed by long-read sequencing. Cell genomics, 4(7), 100588.

Martin-Vega A, et al. (2023) ASCL1-ERK1/2 Axis: ASCL1 restrains ERK1/2 via the dual specificity phosphatase DUSP6 to promote survival of a subset of neuroendocrine lung cancers. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.