

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 4, 2026

Hs 936.T

RRID:CVCL_1033

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_1033

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_1033

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_1033

Description: Cell line Hs 936.T is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Male

Disease: Melanoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:6500159](#), [PMID:20215515](#), [PMID:22460905](#), [PMID:25485619](#), [PMID:26589293](#), [PMID:30894373](#), [PMID:31068700](#)

Comments: Population: Caucasian., Part of: Naval Biosciences Laboratory (NBL) collection (transferred to ATCC in 1982)., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE).

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: Hs 936.T

Synonyms: Hs-936-T, HS 936.T, HS 936T, Hs-936.T, Hs936.T, Hs936T, HS936T

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0004240, EFO:EFO_0006594, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-2706, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-2770, ATCC:CRL-7686, BioSample:SAMN03471134, BioSample:SAMN10987676, cancercellines:CVCL_1033, Cell_Model_Passport:SIDM01750, DepMap:ACH-000801, EGA:EGAS00001000610, GEO:GSM827554, GEO:GSM887129, GEO:GSM888200, IARC_TP53:30073, LiGeA:CCLE_556, Pharmacodb:Hs936_T_609_2019, Progenetix:CVCL_1033, Wikidata:Q54896242

ID: CVCL_1033

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220613+0000

Record Last Update: 20260904T014350+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Hs 936.T.

Warning: Discontinued: ATCC; CRL-7686

Population: Caucasian., Part of: Naval Biosciences Laboratory (NBL) collection (transferred to ATCC in 1982)., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE).

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Cai C, et al. (2024) NRAS Mutant Dictates AHCYL1-Governed ER Calcium Homeostasis for Melanoma Tumor Growth. Molecular cancer research : MCR, 22(4), 386.