

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 5, 2026

## UCSD-SAD5.17

RRID:CVCL\_UB93

Type: Cell Line

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### Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL\_UB93

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### Cell Line Information

**URL:** [https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL\\_UB93](https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_UB93)

**Proper Citation:** RRID:CVCL\_UB93

**Description:** Cell line UCSD-SAD5.17 is a Induced pluripotent stem cell with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

**Sex:** Female

**Disease:** Alzheimer's disease

**Defining Citation:** [PMID:25772071](#), [PMID:30686764](#)

**Category:** Induced pluripotent stem cell

**Organism:** Homo sapiens (Human)

**Name:** UCSD-SAD5.17

**Synonyms:** UCSD-ADRC#3158

**Cross References:** Wikidata:Q98133858

**ID:** CVCL\_UB93

**Record Creation Time:** 20220427T221646+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20260904T015846+0000

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### Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for UCSD-SAD5.17.

No alerts have been found for UCSD-SAD5.17.

## Data and Source Information

**Source:** [CelloSaurus](#)

## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Langness VF, et al. (2021) Cholesterol-lowering drugs reduce APP processing to A $\beta$  by inducing APP dimerization. *Molecular biology of the cell*, 32(3), 247.

van der Kant R, et al. (2019) Cholesterol Metabolism Is a Druggable Axis that Independently Regulates Tau and Amyloid- $\beta$  in iPSC-Derived Alzheimer's Disease Neurons. *Cell stem cell*, 24(3), 363.