

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Aug 21, 2026

GM15850

RRID:CVCL_U734

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_U734

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_U734

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_U734

Description: Cell line GM15850 is a Transformed cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Friedreich ataxia

Defining Citation: [PMID:18485778](#)

Comments: Population: Caucasian.

Category: Transformed cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: GM15850

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0027780, EFO:EFO_0006276, ChEMBL-Cells:ChEMBL4295474, ChEMBL-Targets:ChEMBL4296416, Coriell:GM15850, GEO:GSM113813, GEO:GSM113814, GEO:GSM113815, GEO:GSM113816, GEO:GSM113817, GEO:GSM113818, GEO:GSM113819, GEO:GSM113820, GEO:GSM113821, GEO:GSM113822, GEO:GSM113823, GEO:GSM113824, PubChem_Cell_line:CVCL_U734, Wikidata:Q54848235

ID: CVCL_U734

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220103+0000

Record Last Update: 20260815T233232+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for GM15850.

No alerts have been found for GM15850.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Zhao H, et al. (2017) Peptide SS-31 upregulates frataxin expression and improves the quality of mitochondria: implications in the treatment of Friedreich ataxia. Scientific reports, 7(1), 9840.