

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [dkNET](#) on Sep 4, 2026

HCC1359

RRID:CVCL_5128

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

RRID:CVCL_5128

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_5128

Proper Citation: RRID:CVCL_5128

Description: Cell line HCC1359 is a Cancer cell line with a species of origin Homo sapiens (Human)

Sex: Female

Disease: Lung giant cell carcinoma

Defining Citation: [PMID:10353731](#), [PMID:20679594](#), [PMID:22961666](#), [PMID:25485619](#), [PMID:25877200](#), [PMID:26589293](#), [PMID:28196595](#), [PMID:29681454](#), [PMID:30894373](#), [PMID:31068700](#), [PMID:31803961](#)

Comments: Miscellaneous: Direct author submission of STR profile from Girard, Luc & Gazdar, Adi F., Population: African American., Part of: MD Anderson Cell Lines Project., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE).

Category: Cancer cell line

Organism: Homo sapiens (Human)

Name: HCC1359

Synonyms: HCC-1359, Hamon Cancer Center 1359

Cross References: EFO:EFO_0003128, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-2706, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-2770, BioGRID_ORCS_Cell_line:666, BioSample:SAMN03473015, BioSample:SAMN10987969, cancercellines:CVCL_5128, Cell_Model_Passport:SIDM01606, CLS:305783, Cosmic:1146926, DepMap:ACH-000901, EGA:EGAS00001000610, GEO:GSM108861, GEO:GSM108862, GEO:GSM253422, GEO:GSM434259, GEO:GSM794387, GEO:GSM817120, IARC_TP53:11449,

IGRhCellID:HCC1359GEO, KCLB:71359, LiGeA:CCLE_076,
PharmacDB:HCC1359_448_2019, Progenetix:CVCL_5128, Wikidata:Q54881559

ID: CVCL_5128

Record Creation Time: 20220427T220317+0000

Record Last Update: 20260904T013919+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for HCC1359.

No alerts have been found for HCC1359.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [dkNET](#) .

Kim JW, et al. (2022) Capicua suppresses YAP1 to limit tumorigenesis and maintain drug sensitivity in human cancer. Cell reports, 41(1), 111443.

Dai N, et al. (2017) IGF2 mRNA binding protein-2 is a tumor promoter that drives cancer proliferation through its client mRNAs IGF2 and HMGA1. eLife, 6.